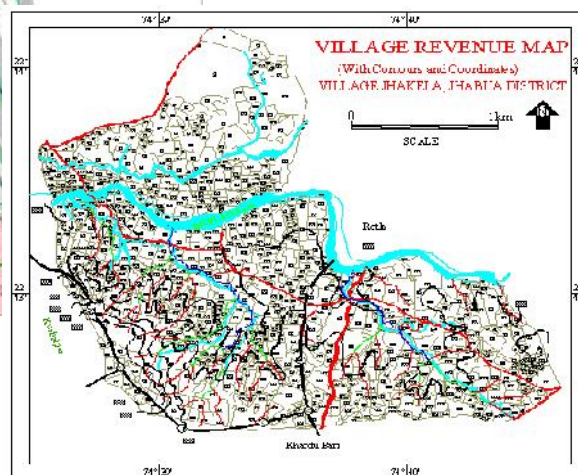


NATIONAL CENTRE FOR HUMAN SETTLEMENTS AND ENVIRONMENT

GIS Applications centre



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National Centre for Human Settlements and Environment

GIS APPLICATIONS CENTRE

The resources:

Hardware Resources:

- ✚ Computers : A series of high performance Pentiums with special configurations for large data and images handling capacity.
- ✚ Digitiser : The cell has capacity to Digitise maps of size as large as A0.
- ✚ Optical Scanner : To enable on screen vectorisation the cell has in-house scanning facility. The cell also has graphic treatment facility on computer for quality improvement of map images.
- ✚ Plotter : High quality multi-colour large size plotter is available for printing of maps. Plotting of large maps can be produced with extreme precision and superior quality. Even the original maps can be printed with enlargement or reduction to any desired dimensions.

Software Resources:

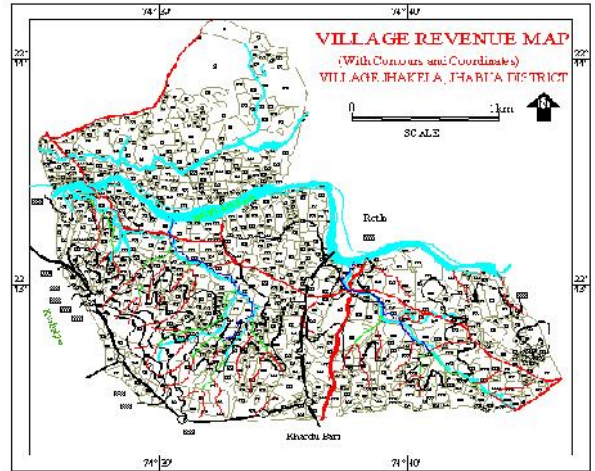
- ✚ GIS : Standard GIS software packages are put to use for generation of maps. All kinds of maps with any complex level of information and details can be produced with high quality. The capabilities are very strong at processing and integration of maps, spatial analyses and map merging, meeting high cartographic standards etc.
 - ✚ Remote Sensing Interpretation Software: Advanced facility of Digital Remote Sensed Data Interpretation and Analysis is available, which accommodates national and international Remote Sensed data.
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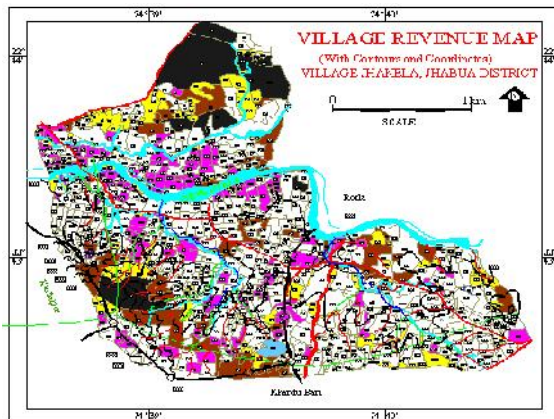
The GIS works capability:

Digitisation: Facility exists for in-house vectorisation of maps. Both the equipment and the manpower are attuned to the task of digitisation of maps with utmost precision and quality. The maps of any size and variety can be vectorised.

Software development: User oriented application software development on GIS and CAD platform is performed for specified disciplines for mechanising the large processes. Watershed and Natural Resource Planning related solutions are available.



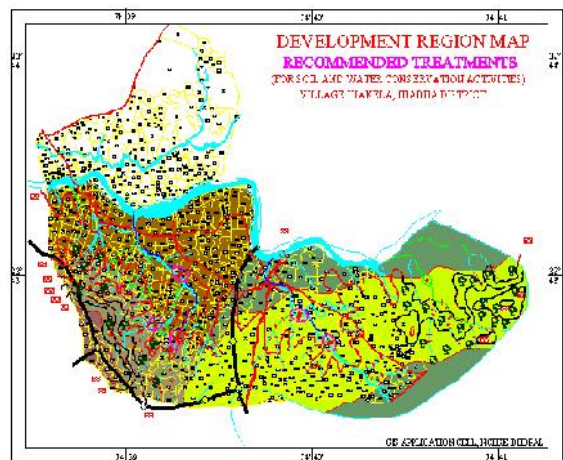
Remote sensing interpretation: Visual and digital interpretation of remote sensing products is also carried out by the Cell. Thematic maps are prepared, based upon the imageries, and are converted into the digital form for analyses and other GIS related works.



Map preparation: The task of thematic map generation is performed by the Cell. By linking the area information and details to the location map, presentable maps containing these features are prepared. Quality maps are generated for various natural resources and socio-economic details.

Training: Routine and special courses on GIS fundamentals, operations and concepts of Applications are regularly organised for sponsored candidates and individuals.

Watershed development planning: GIS is being applied to Watershed Development Planning in a unique manner. The work includes map preparation on multiple themes to do with Natural Resources Socio-economic details, etc. These themes are superimposed and merged for further analysis. The task of identifying treatment of area and locating the suitable sites is undertaken along with peoples' participation.



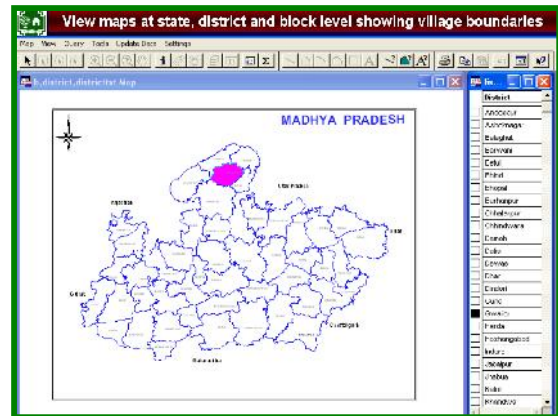


Details of Projects completed:

Health Information Management System for MP

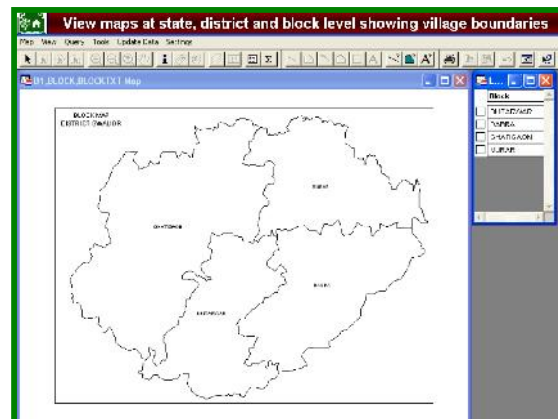
Madhya Pradesh is a populous State with a large number of villages. Access to health facilities is very poor and the government's infrastructure is also limited and does not match the requirement any way. The health services also are not effective because of large geographic dimensions, poor connectivity and improportionate deployment of manpower and resources.

The Department of Family Welfare and Public Health, Government of M. P, manages these services through a large infrastructure spread over across the State. It runs several family welfare programmes involving heavy funds and resources. But, it is unable to exercise effective control over the activities as it lacks the exact information about its own infrastructure and activities. Unfortunately, neither such information was readily available nor there was any defined mechanism to maintain such vast information about the entire machinery.



DANIDA, the Danish International Development Agency has been supporting Department of Health on resource development, training, family welfare (especially women and child) activities etc. It completed its tenure of stay in Madhya Pradesh in December 2004.

DANIDA and Health Department's higher authorities felt the strong need of compilation of up-to-date information from the field and realized this as the basic necessity to manage the huge infrastructure and the services associated. It was decided to develop a multifaceted database for the entire State covering information on health infrastructure, services, family programmes and the indicators of its impact. The information items to include were chosen as detailed information of all types of health service providers (individuals like qualified, nonqualified and traditional practitioners and government and private institutions) information on women such as pregnancy registration, ANCs, delivery, etc., information on children like births, birth rates, immunization etc.

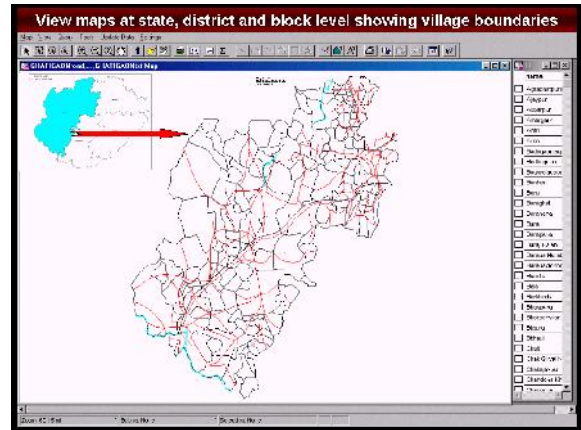


The challenge was to cover the entire state, all its villages and towns and it called for a very large primary survey for getting the information from the very source in the field. NCHSE was invited to do the job which included carrying out the entire survey, computerization of the



information, linking it to village maps and finally formulate a Geographic Information System on Health.

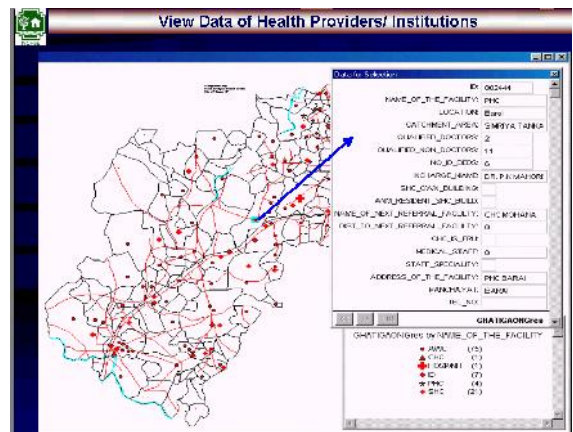
Since the DANIDA had a schedule of closing its operations in December 2004 and whereas the work was assigned only in the month of April 2004, there was extreme time pressure to accomplish the whole task without any time delays. The mandate was to cover 48 districts - nearly 54000 villages and 329 towns big or small, accessible or inaccessible.



NCHSE started the work with activities pertaining to data collection from the field which involved pin pointed planning about the field coverage, deployment of field staff along with their orientation training, conducting survey, supervision of field work, compilation of data and scrutiny and quality checks. In subsequent phase, the data entry and validation activities were managed, and a narrative database of all the information was created which was linked to maps of villages, yielding a GIS. To make it easy to use the information for the Health Department's field functionaries, a special software was created for accessing and working with database. The package works on MapInfo.

All the components of the project the survey, the data entry and the mapping, were simultaneously carried out by separate teams in full consonance amongst themselves to produce the desired outputs in time. The final product was delivered to the department along with installations of the package done at every Block Medical Office.

Special training was also imparted to each and every concerned staff of the department such as B.M.O., District Resource Person, CMO, etc. with a view to give them essential knowledge about features and capabilities of the package.



The Department of Health might be the only Government Department in M.P. which now possesses all relevant information, in the form of package commissioned at all the field offices and with the fully trained manpower to use it.

DANIDA has awarded to NCHSE a special certificate of accomplishment of having completed this nearly impossible task satisfactorily, punctually and with high quality.

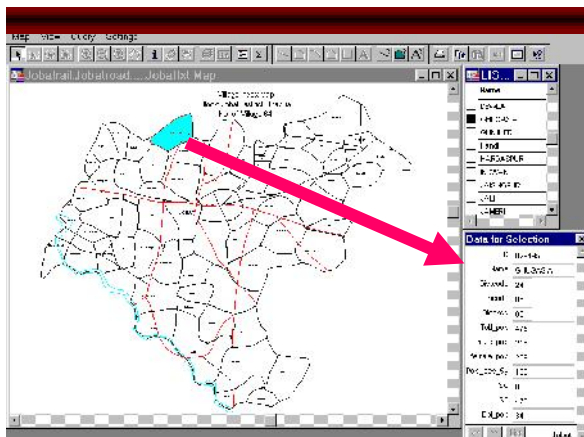


The village level Mapped database the MP GIS

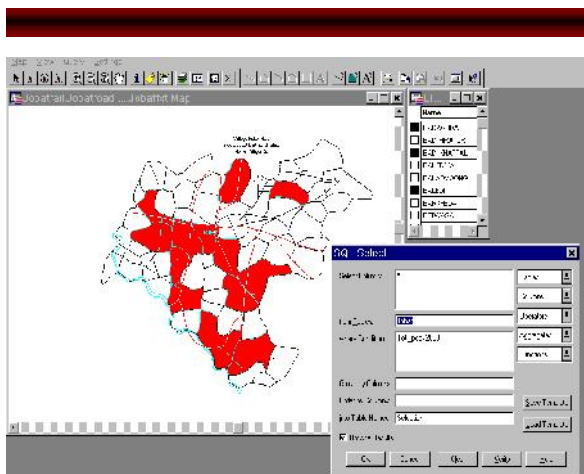
The village level information is always desired for any detailed planning, monitoring or reporting. Many databases are available but all are restricted to narrative lists, tables etc. The databases are also not easily perceptible to all – and often become the experts’ property. For commoners, for those needing the information in ready served format so that the same is put to effective use, quickly, the maps are the simplest medium.



The MP GIS is the MAPPED DATABASE on MADHYA PRADESH which comes in handy, easy to use package which is affordable also. MP GIS has the following features:



- All the districts of the state are mapped showing the development blocks
- All the blocks are further mapped showing the village boundaries
- The demographic data is also attached with the village-units



- The database can be queried and results be seen on the map itself highlighting the villages qualifying the condition of the query.
- Graphs are also simultaneously created for any field item from database



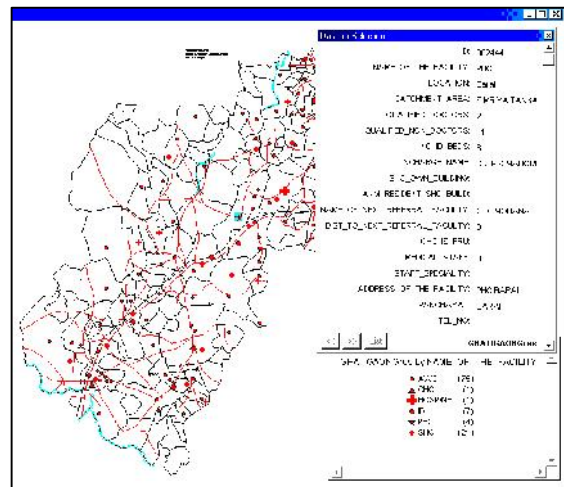
EASE OF OPERATIONS

- The maps are opened simply from selection of the menu/submenu items
- Alpha-indexed lists of the blocks and of villages appear for picking the name if one cannot recall its location on the map
- Short cut menus appear with right click on the map screen

WHERE IT CAN BE USED

The package is most useful for the following

- Simply viewing the whole maps with village names
- General retrieval of information on district, block and village level
- Modification of database and adding other information which makes it possible to orient the package for the needs of any specific department
- The database can be used for identification of villages matching any criteria and thus villages can be selected for any project/programme quickly and easily
- Planning for projects/programmes can also be performed using the same GIS based on socio-economic and other parameters
- GIS also offers another useful feature of adding multiple layers of information – thus other information can be mapped (in symbols/lines/text) for making the GIS more meaningful for the villages. For example village resources, forests, agriculture, water resources related information can be superimposed.





WATMAN

The Complete package for Watershed Micro-Planning

"The Watershed Development needs accurate planning. It needs planning for variety of themes and features of the concerned area. The planning is for development and it is most concerned with the facts and features, at the current time and their interrelationship and futuristic equation between the actions and impacts of these many items." - Anonymous

The need:

The PIAs (Project Implementing Agencies) take the task of implementing the Watershed programmes. The PIAs after collection of data have to draw conclusions about the present features of the area, the requirements and needs of the area and the people thereof, about the activities as solutions for the problems, etc. It requires a definite technique to use the data, to draw conclusions and then take decisions about actions as remedy. No pre-defined, pre-tested and easy to follow procedures exist (or are not accessible to all), which could act as guidelines for the PIAs to methodically exercise micro-planning for Watershed Development.

❑ WHY THE PROCEDURE?

Not every one of us would know:

- ❑ The process of arriving at a fool proof action plan for Watershed development.
- ❑ As to what information at what step helps the process of planning?
- ❑ From which source, for what period/frequency, data is to be resourced?
- ❑ Which maps can be combined/used for mutual updating?
- ❑ How maps at different scales are combined/superimposed?
- ❑ How information is transferred upto khasra level?
- ❑ When to interact with villagers and how to use their inputs alongwith technical information?

The Procedure:

The guidance procedure is prepared in written document form. The users can take its advantage by adhering to the instructions in the sequence, which are already most logically arranged. The users, have to simply follow the activities mentioned, rather mechanically and they are driven through till arriving at suitable action plan. The process calls for a lot of mapped data illustrations and the cartographic work needs a assisting tool that is computer with CAD facilities. Hence it is customary to use software here. A combination of the documentation and the software is thus worked out for enabling an effective watershed planning. The software developed is meant for assistance in the planning process at several levels, and it basically acts as a tool for accessing the CAD functions related to the cartographic works. The software helps the total process of data recording into the computer, the illustration on maps, integration of maps, analyses, and eventually arriving at the to be proposed action plan for treatment activities for the watershed development. The unique feature is that the planning process sees a balanced use of scientific approach and villagers involvement to ensure that all the planned activities are technically viable and socially acceptable. A proper use will not only help and guide the user through the process, but it may lead to help achieve even that, which is beyond the scope of the here described planning technique.



Important features

- Complete stepwise procedure.
- Detailed documentation supported.
- Built in automation at several steps.
- First of its kind bringing technical information to khasra (village) map.
- Necessitates field and villagers' inputs.

Other Built-in Modules

- A full fledged glossary module on Watershed related terms.
- Papers/documents from Watershed experts.
- Multimedia based educational modules.
- Support material for conducting PRA in villages.

Details of Features of the Procedure:

1. Complete stepwise Procedure to Plan Watershed Development.
2. Designed under guidance of experts of Watershed, and experienced PIA (Project Implementing Agency) representatives.
3. Information from maps of various scales all brought to common scales.
4. Information finally transferred and made available at Khasra (micro) level.
5. Does include scientific information from Remote Sensing, thematic maps, secondary sources, etc.
6. Automatic scale alteration and map merging at various stages.
7. A full fledged CAD package works in background; may be accessed any time for any CAD utility.
8. Appendices included to detail any sub-procedure or to discuss methodology of important technical steps and field level works.
9. Includes a sophisticated Glossary package for ready references.
10. Includes standard Multimedia based, self explanatory, small, subject based educational documentaries for field staff and villagers.
11. Includes standard PRA support material to enable easy field working.
12. Requires simple PC and occasional peripheral support as hardware, that too for short duration.

LAYOUT OF THE PROCEDURE DOCUMENTATION

MODULE I: Basic Maps Preparation The first module deals with basic map preparation. These maps are all at small scales of 1:250,000 or 1:50,000 and are made from Survey of India toposheets and from remote sensing products. This module achieves the 'map base' preparation showing themes at village level and are prepared for miliwatershed unit.

MODULE II: Updating Maps, Scale Alteration & Analysis This module deals with mutual updation of the maps prepared in previous module and also performs few integration and analyses, exercises. This module also alters the scales of all maps to 1:12,500.

MODULE III: Microwatershed Level Works The module, uses the maps produced in previous module and allows them to be transferred to Khasra maps. Micro watershed level works. It helps arriving at several decisions regarding identification of treatment measures and suitable sites for these. The participation of the villagers is also ensured here. Action plan is prepared and finalised here, as per the actual ground level requirements and the consent of the villagers.



HOW TO USE THE PROCEDURE:

The procedure is provided under a package of written documentation and software. The document describes all steps for the entire process from beginning to end. All steps are arranged in logical order and therefore, these have to be followed in the same sequence. The document mentions steps to be performed manually and on computers and thus, it states clearly where and how the computer software has to be used. The users would keep on switching between the manual process and computerised processes alternately.

WHO CAN USE THIS PROCEDURE:

Users of the procedure are the Watershed implementing agencies. As such, there is no minimum specified qualification, or skill required to use this procedure, but it is expected that the user should be a team of individuals from various subject matters. The team should comprise of:

- Person(s) should be thoroughly familiar with watershed programme and all its components.
- Person(s) should have knowledge of computers and cartography. Regarding computers, the knowledge of Auto CAD software is essential. There is definite need of manual mapping also.
- Person(s) familiar with remote sensing data interpretation are required at certain points.
- Field investigators to carryout field surveys and to collect data.
- At certain times, access to experts (visiting) will be desired, from disciplines such as hydrology, agriculture, forestry, civil engineering etc

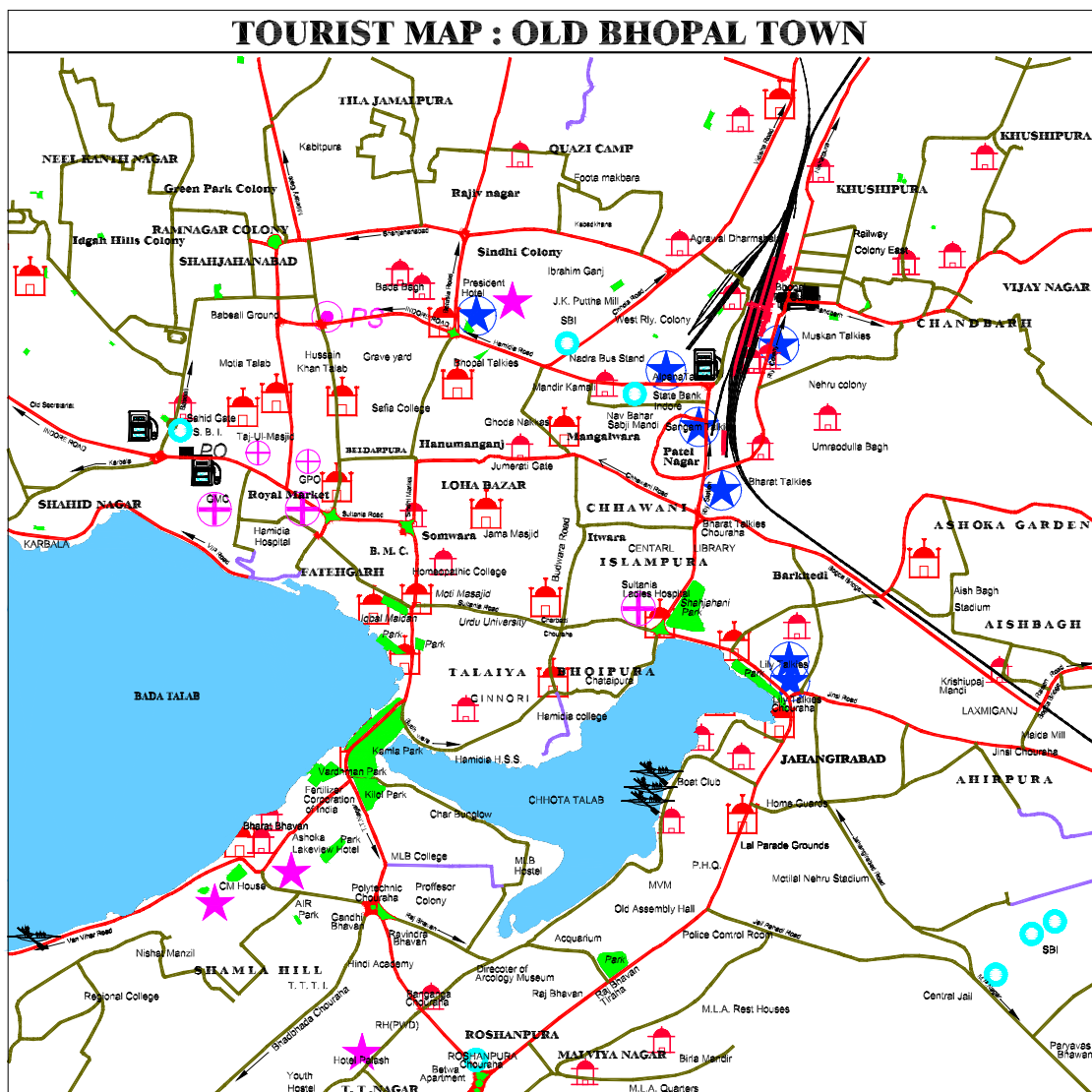


The DIGITISED Bhopal city map

The entire city map of Bhopal has been digitized. It shows all the features of the town such as – gardens, lakes, important landmarks, buildings, markets, school, colleges, temples, masjids, etc. All roads, sewers, water supply lines etc. have also been depicted. Wards have been demarcated. On the whole this is good tourist and administrative map of the town.

The computerised map can be used any planning and reporting purpose.

The map may also be made available in print form.





Preparation of GIS for Health services in Ujjain city

The assignment of "Preparation of Geographical Information System based Health Management Information System for Ujjain city of India" was awarded to National Centre for Human Settlements and Environment - NCHSE, by the Karolinska Institutet, Stockholm, Sweden for execution in partnership with R.D. Gardi Medical College, Ujjain.

The Ujjain GIS HMIS assignment had about four major subtasks listed as follows:-

1. Field survey for collection of data from the Ujjain city and its peri-urban areas on health infrastructure and services
2. Data entry to computerize whole of such information that would be compiled during the survey.
3. Digital mapping of the Ujjain city area and attachment of the database to formulate a full fledged GIS.
4. Packaging the above said GIS into custom friendly application software for the access, use and management of data base.

1. The Field Survey activity and Data entry

The assignment included collection of detailed information on Health Infrastructure and Services in Ujjain city through a primary survey. The survey was performed of providers covered as:

- ✓ For Individual Health Providers
- ✓ For Facilities (Nursing Homes, Diagnostic centres, etc.)
- ✓ For Anganawadis, Dai, ASHA programme workers.
- ✓ For Pharmacy (Chemist) shops.

The data collected was as follows:

- To include all basic identity related data of a provider.
- To include all manpower related data including number and type of persons according to qualifications & their nature of service
- Details of all facilities available, etc.

The Data Entry of the entire survey data was also performed through special softwares to ensure data quality and entry speed.

2. The GIS works:

The details are as follows:

Step 1: Map procurement:

Step 2: Digitisation and superimposition to formulate base map:

Step 3: Geo-referencing of Maps:

Step 4. Updation of the base map:

Eventually, a perfect up-to-date map of the Ujjain city was produced by the Project.



3: Map linking with database was then performed.

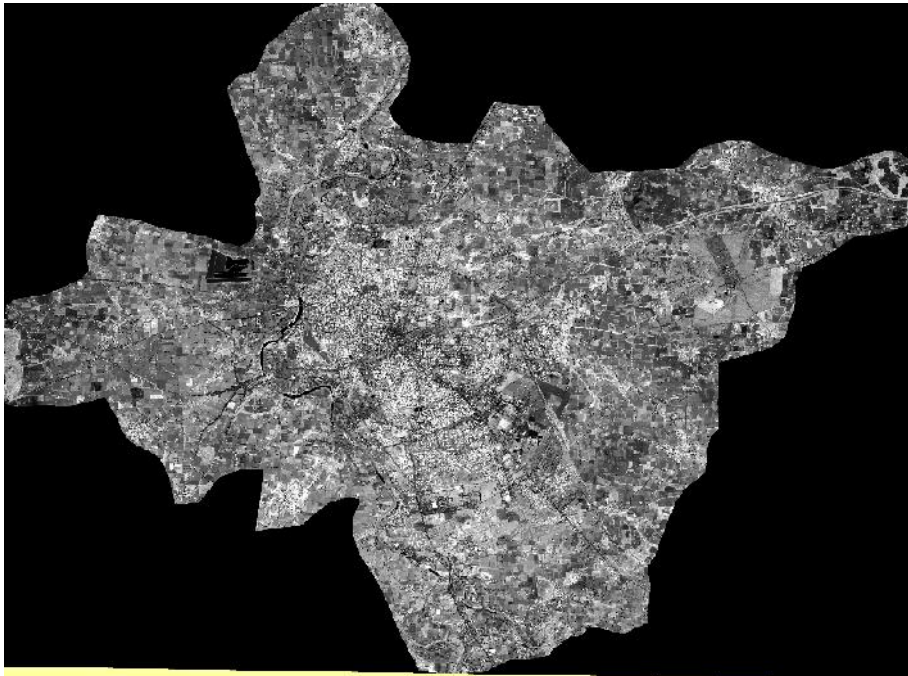
The data from the database, was now attached using this common link of IDs.

This work was followed by Packaging the GIS in a customised application software.
The details of these activities are given in the following paragraphs.

4. The GIS application software:

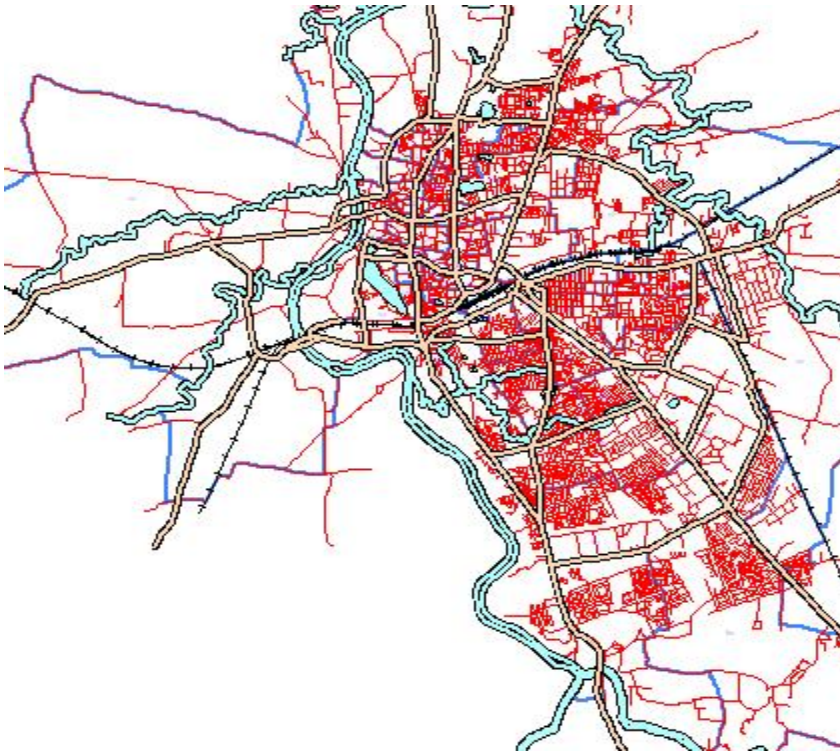
The entire Data base and Maps, were packaged into GIS application software developed in MapInfo.

Samples of Data and Maps:

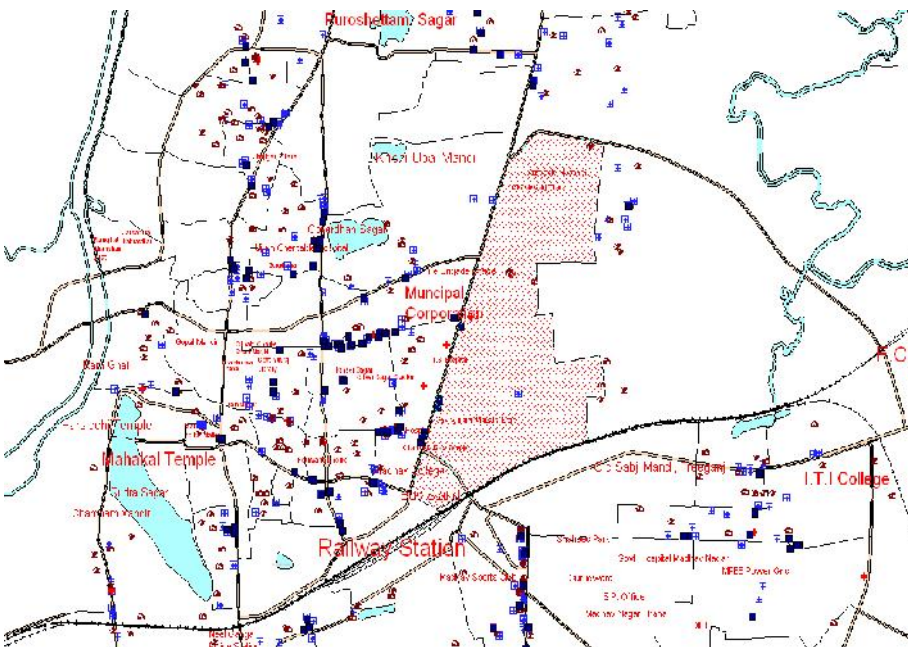


The satellite data CartoSAT1 from NRSA at 2.5m.





Extracted Major features, minor roads, river/streams.



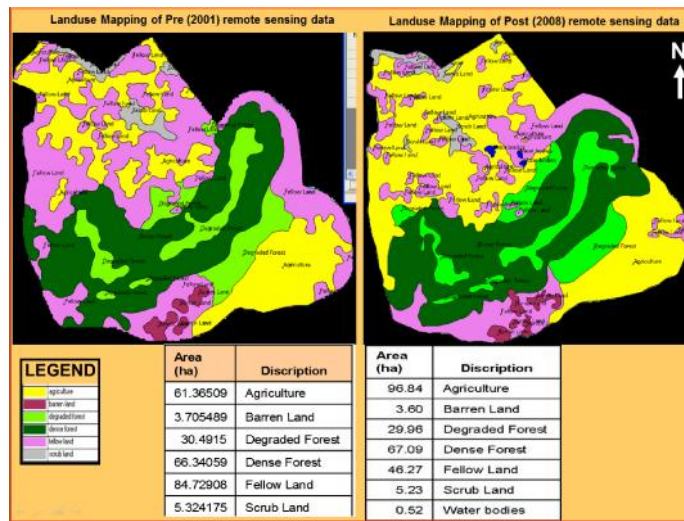
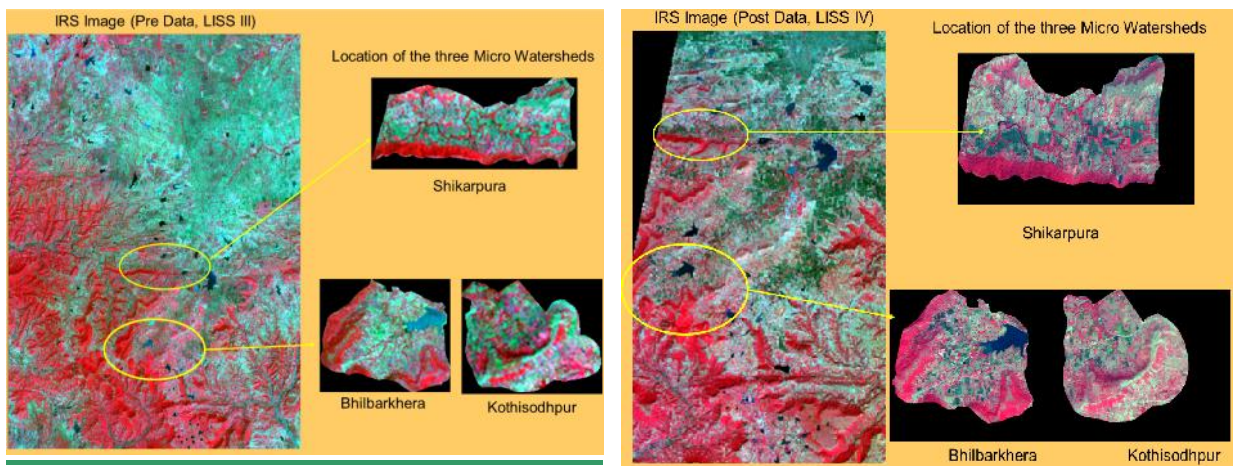
Final GIS showing locations of providers.



GIS and Remote Sensing based watershed programme impact assessment

The assignment of “The GIS and RS based impact assessment study of two districts in MP” was awarded to NCHSE by Watershed Mission through Water and Land Management Institute (WALMI), Bhopal for the areas of Nalccha Block of Dhar District and Lakhnadon Block of Seoni District Miliwatersheds.

Objectives of the project was, to assess the impact of watershed activities in the study area. Use Remote sensing data for the pre and post developed condition. Compare the pre and post developed condition and analysis the impact.



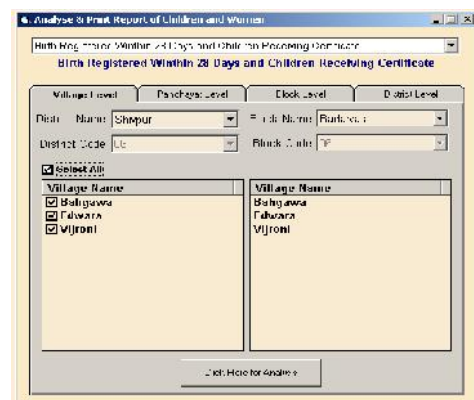
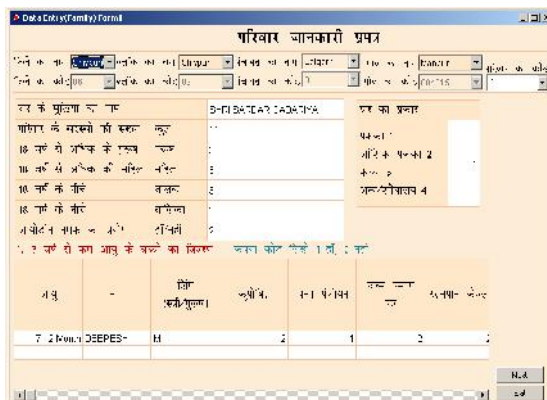
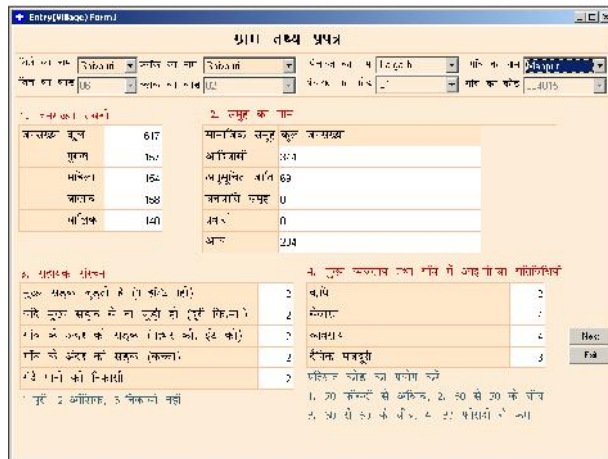


MIS for Village Planning (developed for UNICEF)

A package for the household level information on Health Indicators of family welfare activities shall be created for **Shivpuri and Guna districts**. The information on general village level statistics would also be included. This information is being collected through primary survey in villages, which will be entered in the computer to formulate the package.

The database will be encapsuled in software, which is a user-friendly interactive set of programmes, specially designed for retrieval and use of the information. Broadly, the system shall offer the following features.

- Village level data on General Information, Demographic Profile, Ethnographic details, Support infrastructure, Key Occupation & IGP activities in village, Market/Haats details, Public Offices/ Services in village, Basic Services & Service infrastructure, Available human resource in village will be available. Similarly another set of data Household wise, based on Information/ Data Sheet of family, Details of children below 3 years of age, 3-6 Years, 6-14 years, 14-19 years, Household information Sheet, Family death information will be available.

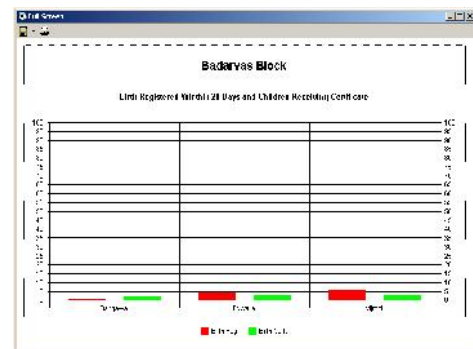


- Block level and district level summary would be generated. The package will have simple selection facility to choose village, blocks and district as unit.

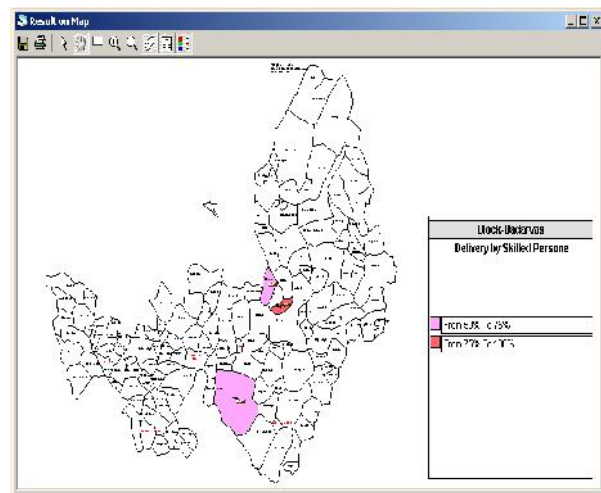


- There shall also be facility to analyse data on different parameters. There is a set list of query analysis items to choose from. Simple to clubbed queries can be performed.
- There is also a report format built to view the data. There would also be a facility available to see the results in form of graphs such as line, bar or pie depending upon best suiting presentation.

Sl. No.	Name	Sex	Age	Religion	Religion	Religion
1
2
3



- Finally there shall also be a feature to view data on maps at village level. Even the query analysis outputs can be seen on this.
- The software is so prepared as to export data to other formats such as excel, Access or other database packages as well as SPSS. Thus, onward analysis can also be done in other statistical packages.



- The package offers another useful feature of updating the data format and minor other software items from time to time and thus the whole system is quite flexible. This feature can be best utilized to include other sectors' data in to the package that the some village level data can be expanded for additional fields.



MIS cum GIS software Development for baseline data and digitization of village social map

Sponsored by Sarathi Development Foundation, Lucknow, Hitaishi Samaj Sewa Sanstha Jhansi, Society for Pragati Bharat, Lalitpur, (U.P.) under the Balbandhu project originally funded by UNICEF

UNICEF supported integrated intervention popular as Bal Bandhu Lalitpur is being implemented in Lalitpur district, UP in as many as 682 villages of six blocks of the district. This project is an attempt to build upon the ongoing processes in sectors of education, health, nutrition, child rights, drinking water & sanitation and HIV/AIDS. It focuses on integrated village planning, expanding capabilities of community to own the responsibilities, intersectoral linkages and convergence with ongoing national and state sponsored programmes. District has demonstrated noteworthy improvements on women and child development related indicators due to ongoing interventions with support of UNICEF. Achievement against baseline on key indicators is testimony to this fact.

A Bi-language GUI based MIS/GIS application developed to trace/monitor the result of children woman and village information with the help of 90 analytical indicators and more than 1500 queries. NCHSE has developed the GIS based analysis system which helps to analyze the more than 70 indicators of children's/woman's and village infrastructure, education and health status in Lalitpur district.

Main features of the project:

To develop a computerized database for each village planning district that can provide the baseline Project objective included the following:

1. Data Generation :
 - a) District, Taluka, and village social maps
 - b) Data Entry of data, compilation and analysis
 - c) Generation of regular reports system to support the MIS system.

MIS & GIS Application Software
Bal Bandhu Project
District Lalitpur
unicef

Software Developed For:
Sarathi Development Foundation, Lucknow (U.P.)
Society for Pragati Bharat, Lalitpur (U.P.)
Hitaishi Sansthan, Jhansi (U.P.)

Software Developed By:
National Centre for Human Settlements & Environment, Bhopal (M.P.)

Data Entry Forms

- Women Delivery related form
- House hold detail form
- Birth registration & immunization
- Disease, Sanitation & Child related form
- Miscellaneous information related form

2. Software Development

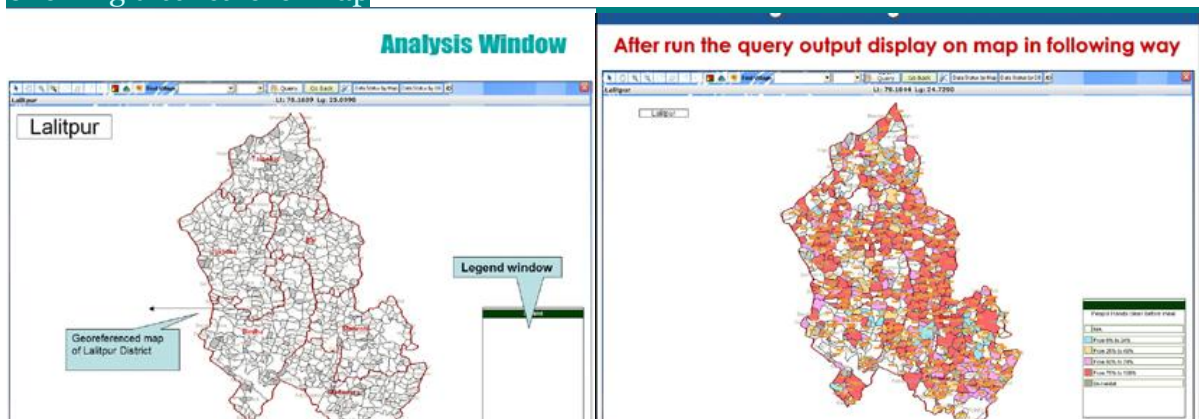
To prepare data processing and analysis software compatible to the information tracking from village planning district has been created. This is a computerized data and GIS mapping software to demonstrate all indicators of village planning included and the baseline works can be tracked by district block and village level.

The analysis component of the software has the features for generating consolidated data tables, graphs/charts and maps showing the coverage and performance level, as follows :

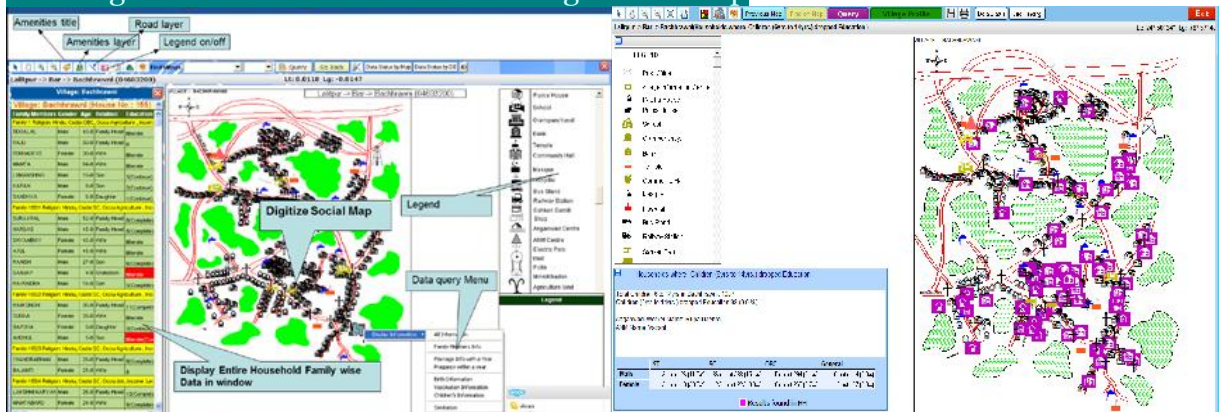
- ❑ GIS with facility to view the data of individual household, village and also summation of data at block level, and district level.
- ❑ Facility to query the data and monitor outputs against the indicators
- ❑ Facilities for viewing, editing and printing functions as available
- ❑ Generate the graphs, maps & table based on query

The software provides scope for further upgradation and incorporation of the sectoral indicators and additional data. It is compatible with SPSS and relevant analysis packages. Major indicators are in English and Hindi as well.

Showing district level map

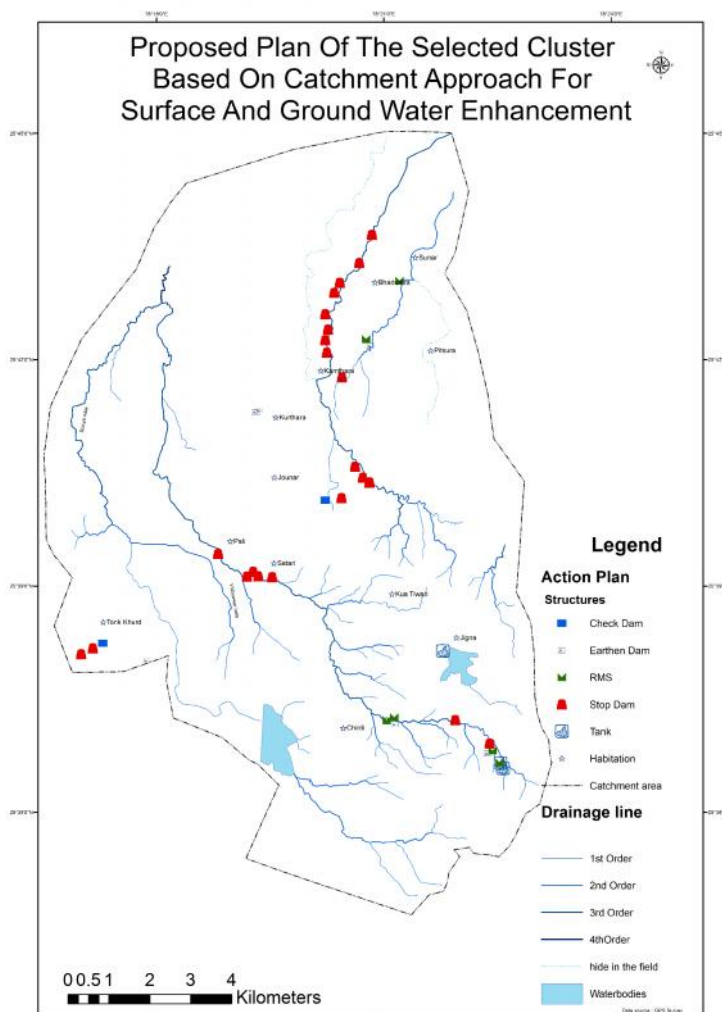


Showing Household information of village social map



Drinking water sustainability based on catchment approach in cluster of villages of Datiya district.

NCHSE provided the technical support and guidance to Parhit organization (Partner NGO of WaterAid) in a cluster of 12 villages from Datiya district based on its long experience of watershed management and also making use of GIS applications. In fact, in the project area benefits coming out of roof water harvesting were limited in nature, therefore, NCHSE extended a technical plan based on catchment approach to address the issue of drinking water sustainability to the organization (Parhit) and WaterAid. It was also felt that this approach would have a long term effect.



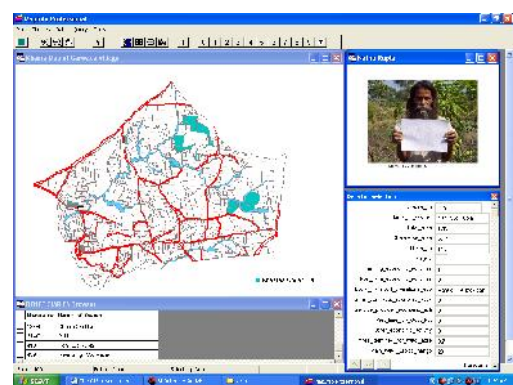
- Area identification of cluster villages on geo-referenced topsheet.
- Superimposing of village boundaries by making use of mazmooli maps.
- Delineation of drainage lines (order wise).
- Delineation of micro watershed (of the catchment area).
- Mapping of the existing drinking water sources with coordinates (by GPS) as provided by the agency.
- Joint field visit to the watershed area (cluster villages) to validate the existing water bodies, drainage lines and possible watershed initiatives (proposed and repairable) for the augmentation of surface and ground water.
- Collection of data related to all existing water sources with the help of GPS.

- Developing data of all possible water sources (proposed and repairable) with the help of GPS.
- Mapping of GPS data to develop the action plan of the selected cluster.
- Indication of water observation sources to monitor the progress of water augmentation.



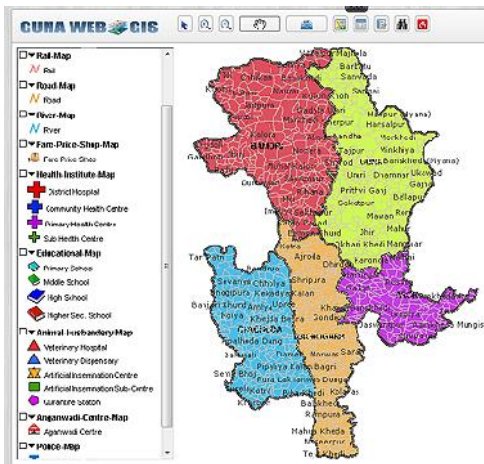
GIS based monitoring of wadi projects

NCHSE has been designated as central GIS processing agency by NABARD for all wadi projects implemented with the support of NABARD Regional Office, Bhopal to 40 NGOs of the State. For carrying out the services of NGOs, NCHSE is providing support in the form of geo referenced digitized village maps, indicating the location of respective wadis, beneficiary profile with wadi details. This is, in fact, a very good and effective software tool to monitor the progress of wadis and its real beneficiaries. It has primarily helped to get correct and proper reporting by NGOs in respect of the wadi projects, if any.



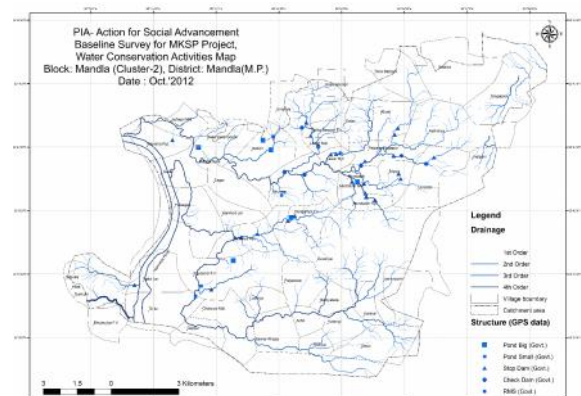
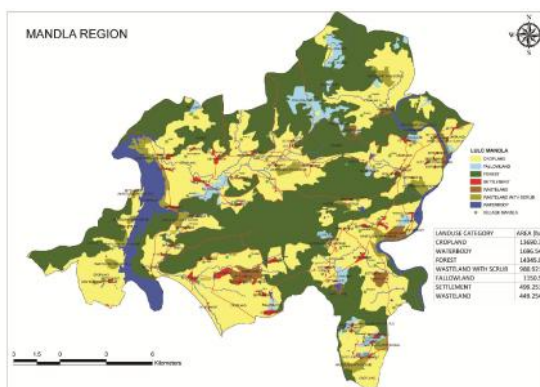
Web-GIS for Guna and Shivpuri districts of M.P.

This project is one of the prestigious projects of NCHSE which is completed with the support of UNICEF. The development of Web-GIS for Guna and Shivpuri districts was conceptualized based on the needs and data received from departments. The departments included were of health, education, women and child department, food and civil supplies, Panchayat, Triabl, Police, etc. However, the information as received from the departments was the limiting factor and primary census figures related to 2011. The entire exercise centered around completion of village level information as available in the form of village maps with special features of data view and data queries to make the information further more usable by its end users to get specific results for example the information pertaining to a particular department can now be easily accessed in the visible form instead of tabular form. The special feature of such an exercise also enabled to work out the panchayat boundaries as well which were not attempted earlier in mapping exercise. The websites are www.dpmuguna.org & www.dpmushivpuri.org.



Application of Remote Sensing data to strengthen land use pattern

This assignment is completed by NCHSE for a NGO Action for Social Advancement (ASA) in February, 2013 for its 10 clusters located in six districts – Chhatarpur, Tikamgarh, Jhabua, Alirajpur, Badwani and Mandla where ASA is implementing Mahila Kisan Shashaktikarn Pariyojana (MKSP). All field level information was provided by the NGO in its selected cluster by using GPS. NCHSE made use of field level information in developing water conservation activity maps. The other important part of the assignment was to prepare land use/ land cover maps by making use of Resource Sat-2 data as obtained from NRSC, Hyderabad. The out puts of the land use/ land cover maps provided information of agricultural land, fallow land, wasteland, water bodies, river, roads, etc.



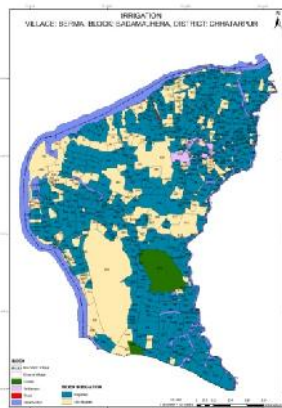
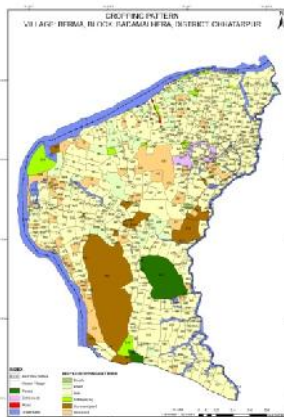
The real impact of this kind of exercise would be useful if such an exercise is carried out regularly after a gap of 2 to 3 years when the project results are evident at the field. Nevertheless, a beginning to measure the transformation of field efforts has been initiated by NGO.



Application of GIS mapping in watershed management

NCHSE has developed an expertise in GIS mapping especially watershed management projects of the Centre as well as for other NGOs and Govt. departments. In fact, there is increasing response and appreciation of GIS mapping that has given a technical support to substantiate field level efforts.

NCHSE extended the GIS mapping support in the year 2012-13 to various NGOs and Govt. departments such as GVT (Ratlam, Chhattarpur and Neemuch), BAIF (Chhattarpur, Gwalior and Tikamgarh), Pradhan (Vidisha), Zilla Panchayat Mandsaur, Zilla Panchayat Alirajpur and Jhabua. This could be possible because NCHSE established the good reputation of its mapping works under its ongoing projects of IWMP-II, Mandsaur, IWMP-II, Rama (Jhabua), IMP (NREGS), Nasrullaganj (Sehore), IMP (NREGS), Bankhedi & Pipariya (Hoshangabad). The field level experiences amalgamated with GIS mapping have attracted college students, personal from corporate sector and govt. officials to come for training programmes and furtherance of technical support through GIS mapping.



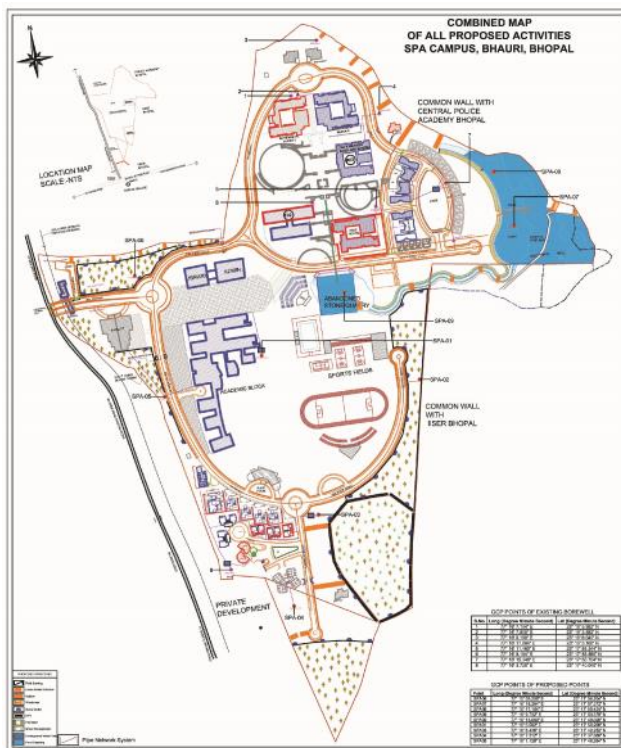
Watershed management initiatives in the campus of School of Planning and Architecture at Bhauri, Bhopal.

One of the immediate concerns of the SPA area is that water availability at the site is deficient and in the coming time the situation would be more alarming for the rising demand coming from the students and staff of the institute if adequate or alternative measures to cope up the situation map are not taken up. The task is difficult with the prevalence of impervious rocks. A solution to this can be searched with the help of possible interventions of watershed management in the available open area in unison with the planned area.

- Action plan and GIS mapping.

Development of an action plan based on geo-physical survey and field visits.

Completion of GIS mapping in respect of the following themes:



- Slope map of SPA campus to know the direction of flowing water in the area.
- Map indicating existing and proposed bore wells to be taken up for the purpose of underground water recharge.
- Distribution net work for the planning of under ground water recharge of the existing and proposed bore wells through roof top water harvesting.
- Action Plan map indicating watershed activities including bunding, loose boulder structures, gabion structures, farm ponds, vegetation, plantation, etc.
- Complete map of all proposed activities.



THE CLIENTELE

- **Department of IT, Govt. of India:** A massive GIS Database and software development work was carried out for Ministry of Information Technology, Govt. of India. The work was carried out for Jhabua block.
 - **Department of Health, Govt. of M.P. (through DANIDA):** Madhya Pradesh GIS on village level Health Infrastructure sponsored by DANIDA
 - **UNICEF:** the village level micro-planning data analysis package was developed for Guna and Shivpuri districts.
 - **Karolinska University, Stockhome, Sweden:** The resources mapping for TB control activities in MP for the Karlinska University, Stockhome, Sweden
 - **Water and Land Management Institute:** WALMI: The MP GIS software for all villages and towns of MP.
 - **Disaster Management Institute:** Rescue action planning for Distaster Management for Khandwa Distt. For Disaster Management Institute. Bhopal.
 - **MP Aids Control Society:** Data mapping work for Aids Control Society, GOMP, Bhopal
 - **DRDAs, Zilla Panchayats:** Watershed Action planning for various Watershed Implementing Agencies and DRDAs
 - **NREGS, Raisen:** The GIS based action plan preparation work for NREGS activities was carried out for 7 blocks of Raisen district
 - **Water Resources Deptt. Govt. of MP:** Santha Mapping for Water Resource Deptt. for Kolar Project
 - **CAPART, New Delhi, AFPRO, Ahmednagar, SRI, Ranchi:** GIS Software supplies for water shed planning activities to AFPRO, Ahmednagar, M.S, CAPART, SRI, Ranchi.
 - **Bhopal Nagar Nigam:** Bhopal Town mapping work and ward level planning for selected places for Bhopal Nagar Nigam.
 - **Rajya Shiksha Kendra:** The RSK MIS based on GIS is being carried out for mapping all schools locations in MP.
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- **MPRLP:** The GIS based village selection system for the districts under the DFID sponsored MPRLP programme of the state.
 - **Karolinska Institutet, Sweden:** The GIS mapping for the Ujjain city for mapping of the health providers. This included placement of health providing institutions, individuals, etc. in situ, on the city map.
 - **Water-Aid**
 - **School of Planning and Achitecture at Bhuri, Bhopal**

Other works:

- Numerous GIS Training Programmes have been carried out for various Govt. and private candidates
 - Extensive micro level GIS works for Cadastral level mapping regarding requirement under several projects of Integrated Development have been done.
 - Data preparation and software work done for UNICEF.
 - Project of ISRO on Village Resource Centres based on Satellite based information exchanges.
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